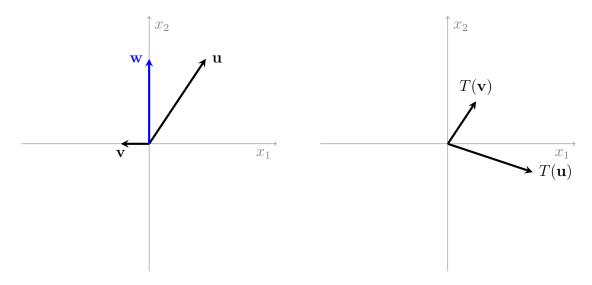
This is a two-stage quiz. You will receive this back with each question graded pass/fail in our next class meeting. You have until the date specified above to submit corrections for partial credit.

1. (3 points) The figure below shows vectors  $\mathbf{u}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ , and  $\mathbf{w}$  along with the images  $T(\mathbf{u})$  and  $T(\mathbf{v})$  under the linear transformation  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ . Carefully sketch and label the image  $T(\mathbf{w})$  of  $\mathbf{w}$  under T.

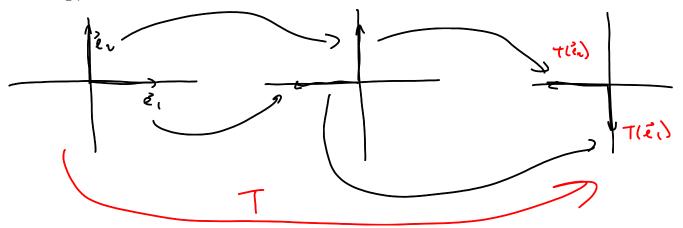


2. (3 points) Consider a linear transformation  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  such that

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix}1\\-2\\-3\\4\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix}1\\2\end{bmatrix} \text{ and } T\left(\begin{bmatrix}-2\\2\\3\\-5\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix}-1\\5\end{bmatrix}.$$

Compute 
$$T \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$
.

3. (4 points) Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be the transformation which reflects a vector across the  $x_2$  axis before rotating it counterclockwise by  $\pi/2$  radians. Find the standard matrix of T.



So 
$$T(\hat{e}_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $T(\hat{e}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$